

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Thursday Morning, Sept. 10, 1888.
TO ADVERTISERS.
Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance to insure insertion.
TO AGENTS.
Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or the supply of papers will be discontinued. The daily and weekly issues will be furnished at the lowest cash rates and no exception will be made to this rule.
The Coming Struggle.

Is it a fact that the people of this Colony are against avowing their belief in the necessity for an improvement in the system of government? or is it true that they dread the consequences of the publication of such an avowal? The delegates who will soon meet at Yale have no doubt on this, fully satisfied themselves as to the real state of popular feeling upon these questions. They must not however forget that there is a considerable amount of wire-pulling at work on the part of those interested in leaving the present public institutions undisturbed, for the sole purpose of attempting to neutralise the efforts of the Convention. The representatives of the people must recollect that they have some astute minds to deal with, minds keenly alive to the necessity of making a struggle for the loaves and fishes, for although the official policy is to disavow all knowledge of opposition springing from the people and to profess contempt for the chief promoters of the movement which is now on foot to reform the administration of public affairs in the Colony, and pity for those whom they are pleased to call the unfortunate dupes of political adventurers, yet there is a leaven of caution displayed by the heads of departments, who see a storm looming in the distance, which they well know must destroy them, if they do not bend to it. Most of our readers must doubtless have witnessed the attempts to carry popular favor previous to general elections, on the part of those who at other times may perhaps have been loud in their expressions of contempt for any symptom of bending to popular feeling in others; those who would keep their places at all risks to their reputation for true statesmanship, will stoop to acts which at other seasons they would be prominent in condemning. In a small society like our own it would be too marked for prominent Government officials to alter their tone completely in public, and those who do not carefully watch the signs of the times will not see the little manoeuvres which show how those who have much to lose by a reform in the Governmental system, endeavor to counteract the efforts of the people. There is no doubt about it, horses with a sleek look of official stables about them hang upon their bridles in the principal streets of the city in these times more than was their wont when the people took things quietly; and the riders of these same steeds, with an equally unmistakable look of comfort and well-doing about them, condescend more than of old to greetings in the streets and salutations in public places. The official finger playfully toys with the buttonhole of the politician in a manner that is foreign to the disciples of officialism, and at once bespeaks apprehension of danger and a desire to stand well with those who may, by a turn in the wheel, have some voice in the disposition of places hereafter. It will be well that those representing the people at the Convention should bear in mind that they have not more dummies to deal with. Lax as the heads of departments have been in any efforts to improve the system of government, and thereby the condition of the people; slow as they have shown themselves at taking up the popular view of the principal matters that have been brought before the Legislative Council by the popular members since the union of the Colonies; careless as they have been of the wishes of the people, and indifferent as they have shown themselves to everything in their respective departments except the careful addition of the official pay list—we must guard against setting down this apathy, sloth, carelessness and indifference, to want of ability. The Convention may rest assured that the slightest scent of danger will sharpen the official nose, and in attacking the vested interests of the officials they will encounter opposition as strenuous, as desperate clinging to office can make it; moreover those in power have, to a certain extent, the command of the position, and those who lead the assault against them have generally an arduous task before them. We point these things not with the view of disheartening the people in the struggle upon which they have entered, but in order that they may not allow too great confidence in the cause to lead them to

despise their opponents. The victory must be with the people if they are true to themselves, although a false step might jeopardize the cause. The delegates will go to the Convention in full possession of the wishes of the people, it will rest with them to devise proper measures for carrying out those wishes. It will rest with them to let the Colonial Office understand that this is no party movement set on foot for political ends, and to be carried out for personal gain and gratification. The Home Government must be informed correctly of the state of public feeling upon the chief matters affecting the Colonial policy, they must be placed in a position to test the correctness of the information afforded them, and above all the information must be full and ample on every point upon which the people can throw any light, much depends upon a fair and concise statement, and whilst evils are carefully pointed out grievances must not be unnecessarily magnified.

New Advertisements.
Ex "Spirit of the Age."
LANGLEY & CO.
Have received a full Assortment of
Grimault's & Co.'s Celebrated Preparations.
The Choicest Parian Perfumery of Rigaud & Co.'s and Lubin.
Vicat's Flea Powder in Bellows, Blowers and Bowls.
Gosnell's Treble Distilled Lavender Water
Wright's Coal Tar Soap.
Trusses of the most Approved Styles.
Curling's Cod Liver Oil.
Leitchford's Pomades, Oils and Soaps.
Also, a Large Assortment of
Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, &c.

Valuable Farm to Lease.
TO LEASE, FOR A TERM OF 3, 5 or 7 years, a Valuable Farm at Comax, Vancouver Island, comprising 810 acres of very fertile land. Nearly 50 acres are fenced and under cultivation, and upwards of 200 tons of produce have been raised this season. Nearly all the Farm is Prairie Land, well watered, and offers great advantages to any person wishing to farm extensively. The House and Farm Buildings are substantially built and in good repair. There is a Dairy of 8 Cows, 2 Yoke of Working Oxen, 20 head of Store Cattle, and 100 Hogs, &c., all of which can be taken at a valuation if required. The steamer Sir James Douglas makes monthly trips to Comax, and the ship Alana fortnightly, and offers great facilities for shipping produce. For further particulars apply to MR BAXBY, the owner, Comax, V. I., Aug. 28th, 1888. ad 1m d & w

NOTICE.
THE PARTNERSHIP HITHERTO existing between the undersigned, carrying on business in this city as Butchers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due by the Firm will be paid by Edward Dickinson, who will continue the business, and is alone authorized to collect all outstanding accounts. Signed EDWARD DICKINSON, WILLIAM H. MARSHALL.
Witness—Chas. R. Bunting, Victoria, V. I., B. C., Sept. 8th, 1888. ad 9

NOTICE
THE OWNER OF A SPECKLED Roan Cow, Red Neck, Branded on the Left Hip B. P., and with a piece cut out of the Right Ear, is hereby notified to call and pay charges for damages done on my property, or she will be sold at auction within one week from date. W. MILLINGTON, Esq. Vict., B. C., Sept. 7th, 1888. ad 1w

Road Tax, 1868—Esquimalt District.
THE STATUTE LABOUR IN THE above District will be called out immediately at the close of Harvesting works. Tenders are required and will be received till the 14th September, from Settlers in the District and others, to repair that portion of the Craigflower Road, late in Victoria West. Terms and Particulars, with specification of works, can be seen, together with Assesment Roll for 1868, at the House of Mr James Stewart, beyond the 4 mile house, Craigflower Road, or at the Office of the undersigned, Government street. By order, EDWD. MALLANDAIN, Clerk and Assessor for the Boards of Road Commission. Victoria, B. C., Sept. 4th, 1888. ad 10t

Office of the California, Oregon and Mexico Steamship Co.
SUPPLY OF MEAT FOR THE STEAMERS.
SEALED TENDERS UNTIL THE 1st October next, for the Supply of whatever Meats may be required by the Steamships of this Company touching at this port during the year commencing October 1st, proximo, are requested at this Office, addressed to the undersigned. A uniform price per pound for Beef, Mutton, Fresh Pork and Sausage meat, should be stated, without distinction as to the part of the carcass. A bond, with approved security, in the sum of \$1000 will be required. The draft and execution of the Contract to be at the expense of the successful competitor. No bid will necessarily be accepted. W. T. WELCKER, Agent, ad 5

\$10 Reward
THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE paid to any person who will deliver to Mr Millington, of Esquimalt, the following cattle, the property of the Rev. A. C. Gault, two of which were near the Naval Hospital on Wednesday, July 22nd, but have since been missing. 1 Red Heifer, 2 years old, with some white marks, chiefly on the tail and hind legs, right ear slit, hair on the end of the tail cut square across. 1 Red Steer, 1 year old, right ear slit, hair on the end of the tail cut square across. 1 Yellow and White Steer, 1 year old, right ear slit, hair on the end of the tail cut square across; last seen close to Parnetor's. ad 1

New Advertisements:
"Spirit of the Age,"
"Princess Royal,"
AND
"Prince Victor."
JOHN WILKIE & CO.
OFFER
FOR SALE
THE FOLLOWING
GOODS,
To Arrive per above
Vessels,
Now shortly due here
from London.

COATS—Tweed, Doeskin, Beaver and Black Cloth, in all styles; Inverness Wrappers, Waterproof Coats, &c.
TROUSERS—Cassimere, Tweed, Doeskin, Witney, Beaver, Moleskin, Corduroy, Duck, Dungaree, &c.—a great variety.
VESTS—Fancy Silk and Wool, Black Cloth, Tweed, Doeskin, &c.
BOYS' CLOTHING—A Large Assortment.
OVERSHIRTS—Blue Pilot, Tweed, Grey and Blue Serge &c., Cardigan Jackets.
CRIMEAN SHIRTS, with Collars—A Large Assortment.
DRAWERS and UNDERSHIRTS, in Flannel, Lamb's Wool, Merino and Cotton.
MENS' SOCKS—Scotch Knit, Lambs' Wool, Merino and Cotton—Plain and Fancy.
SHIRTS—White Long Cloth and Fancy Regatta Shirts.
HATS and CAPS—Soft Felt Hats, in all qualities; Beaver Plush Hats, Navy Caps, &c.
HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.—Bandana, White Cambric and Printed Cotton Handkerchiefs, Black Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Ties, Woollen Scarfs, Linen and Paper Collars, Woollen Gloves Braces, &c., &c.

DRY GOODS—Cotton Prints, Winseys, Tartans, Coburgs, Woollen Shawls, White and Grey Calicos, White and Colored Saxony Flannels, Baizes, Roll Cambrics, Selicias, Diapers, Turkish Towels, Ribbons, Cotton & Merino Hose, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas, Fancy Bugle and other Trimmings, Linen Napkins, Bed-Tick, Linen Threads, &c., &c.
HABERDASHERY—A Complete Assortment.
ENGLISH BROGANS—A Large Lot of Superior qualities in American Shapes.
BOOTS and SHOES—English Rubber Boots and Shoes.
ENGLISH SOAP, CANDLES, &c.

JOHN WILKIE & CO.,
ad 1 2m

New Advertisements.
HENRY NATHAN Jr & Co
OFFER
FOR SALE
EX
Spirit of the Age,
FROM LONDON.
Clothing
1000 prs Trowsers, Assorted Tweed Fancy and Ribbed Doe, &c.
Waistcoats, Inverness Capes, Different Qualities, Boys' and Mens' Baltic Shirts, Twill, Fancy and Plaid, with and without Collars
Serge and Hickory Shirts
Boys' Suits, a Large Assortment
Umbrellas, Silk, Alpaca and Cotton Neckties, Woollen Gloves, &c.

Dry Goods
600 pieces Prints, New Styles
Shawls, French Merinos, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Flannels White and Colored; Thibets, Plaids, Scarlet Cloth, Curtain Repps, Jackets, Assorted; Corsets, Regatta, Checks, Hickory, Ribbons, Lustres, &c., &c.
ALSO,
1050 cs Old Tom, Swain, Boord & Co's
Old Tom, Swain, Boord & Co's, in bulk
Rum, Best Jamaica, 30 over-proof
Gin, Green Case, Red Case and in Bulk, J. D. K. Z.
Hennessy & Martell Brandy, in Case
Otard & Jules Robin, in Bulk
Orange Bitters, Swain, Boord & Co's
Port, Hunt's 4 Diamond, Case and Bulk
Sherry, Scotch Whiskey, & Liqueurs

Tin Plate, I. X. Charcoal
Barbours Shoe Thread, bleached and unbleached
Fish Lines and Hooks
Siene & Sturgeon Twine
Wrapping Twine
Dry Paints
Lamp Black
Chamois Skins
Ear Lead, &c., &c.
200 cs Devoe's Coal Oil,
Liverpool Salt.

Groceries
Sardines, in bond and duty paid
U. S. Tea, Isthmus Butter, Lard
Coffee, Sugars (Refined & Brown)
Yeast Powder Candles, Beans
Syrup, Raisins
Sultanas, Plagniol Oil
Vinegar, best Malt
Field's Oysters, and other Case Goods, a full assortment
Pie Fruits, Pickles, Sauces
Blue, Paste, Vienna Matches
Tobacco, Spices, Chocolate
Oat and Corn Meal, Corn Starch
Brooms, Beef, Pork, Salt
Dried and Preserved Fruits and Vegetable & Paper &c., &c.

Hy. NATHAN, Jr. & Co.,
Wharf Street, Victoria, ad 31

New Advertisements.
Home Production!
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
HEYWOOD'S
Celebrated Island Cured Bacon,
AT RETAIL.
Only 20 cents per Pound; 2½ Pounds for 50 cents, the Smallest Quantity Sold. ad 7 2m

To Visitors from California, Oregon, the Sound, &c.
AT
VICTORIA HOUSE,
CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS, VICTORIA, V.I.
Will always be found a Large and Choice Assortment of
Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Flowers, Laces, &c
At very Moderate Prices, and of the Latest Styles,
The Goods being Imported from Europe by Express Monthly.
The usual Assortment of Staple Goods, such as:
White and Printed Calicos, Flannels, Linens, Blankets, Ticking, &c., &c., also on Hand in Great Variety.
ad 27 **Wm. DENNY, Manager.**

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS!
A PURE AND POWERFUL TONIC
CORRECTIVE AND ALTERNATIVE
OF Wonderful Efficacy in Diseases
OF THE
STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS.
PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES.
Prevents Fever and Ague and Billious Hamilitated Fevers Fortifies the System against Miasma and the evil effects of unwholesome water; invigorates the organs of digestion and the bowels;
Steadies the Nerves and Tends to Prolong Life.
REMEDIAL PROPERTIES.
Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Sick and Nervous Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Sea Sickness, Cramps and Spasms, and all complaints of either sex arising from Bodily Weakness, whether inherent in the system or PRODUCED BY SPECIAL CAUSES.
As a genuine Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated. Persons of feeble habit, liable to Nervous Attacks, Lossness of Spirits, and Fits of Languor, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes. In districts infested with Fever and Ague, it has been found infallible as a preventive and irresistible as a remedy. Thousands who resort to it if under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourge; and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the Constipation and expels the irregular action of the digestive and secretory organs.

SOLD EVERYWHERE!
HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO.
DRUGGISTS,
y 20 6m s San Francisco

Biscuit, Crackers
AND
PILOT BREAD.
MANUFACTURED AT THE CRAIGFLOWER BAKERY, by K. MCKENZIE.
For Sale in Lots to Suit.
Apply to THOS. LETT STAHLSCHEIT, June 11th, 1888. ad 2m s

NOTICE.
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I will only accept COIN for RENTS as well as for any other payments to be made to me. Ld. LOWENBERG ad 30

Hardware, Cutlery & Platedware, &c.
SELLING OFF AT COST PRICE AT
BIRMINGHAM HOUSE,
FORT STREET.
The Proprietors being about to relinquish the Hardware Trade, offer for Sale at **COST PRICE**, the Valuable
Stock of the above Establishment,
Consisting of
Hollow-ware, Cutlery, Platedware, House Furnishing Goods, such as Fenders, Coal Scuttles, Toilet Sets, Lamps, &c.,
And a General Assortment of
Shelf Hardware & Agricultural Implements.
Parties Furnishing should repair to this Establishment forthwith. ad 13 2w

C. F. BARNARD, M.D.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Graduate of Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass.,
TENDERS HIS SINCERE thanks to the Citizens of Victoria, British Columbia and Puget Sound, for their liberal patronage the past two years, and hopes, by assiduity to business, and thorough posting in the improvements of his profession, to merit a further continuance of favors. Dr B. opened his profession of Dentistry in Boston, Mass., in 1841, and continued there in full practice until the rebellion of 1861. His letters of recommendation are of the highest order—one from Dr. I. J. Wetmore, at the head of the Dental Profession in the City of Boston, and one from J. Langdon D'Wolf, Broker, 15 South Street, who patronized the Doctor has shared from 15 to 20 years. Were other testimonials requisite for the character and ability of the above, the Doctor could refer to those of the highest governmental officials, the late Hon. John A. Andrew, Governor, and Wm. J. Dale, Surgeon General, of Massachusetts. [We state that we do know, and testify to that we have seen Dr. Ed. Barnard.]
N. B.—Dr Barnard has inserted the past year whole sets of teeth, for various persons here and on the Sound, and has been kindly permitted to mention their names to others similarly afflicted, who seek his services and request reference or consultation therewith. Retention strictly observed, when secrecy has been enjoined.
Firmness and urbanity the leading features of his office.
Victoria, Aug. 16, 1883. ad 17

F. S. BUSHELL,
Pianoforte Tuner & Regulator,
JOHNSON STREET.
Victoria, B. C. ad 29

TO PACKERS AND TRADERS IN
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
The Undersigned offers for Sale at Moderate Rates,
50 or 60 Head of
WELL-BRED CATTLE,
IN GOOD CONDITION,
Consisting of
Cows, 2 and 3 years old, Heifers and Steers, &c.
If not previously sold by Private Contract, will be sold by AUCTION, by J. P. DAVIES & CO., at VICTORIA, on the 19th or 20th of SEPTEMBER.

J. D. PEMBERTON.
Aug. 31 1868. British Columbian and Examiner copy. ad 1
TO LET
ONE OR TWO NICE BEDROOMS Furnished or Unfurnished, fronting on Douglas Street. Application can be made at THIS OFFICE. ad 1
NOTICE.
A FINAL DIVIDEND IN THE ESTATE of George W. McKenzie & Co. will be paid at the Office of Messrs John Wilkie & Co., Wharf street, on and after Tuesday, the 25th instant. D. LENFORD, JOHN WILKIE, Assignees. ad 25

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Thursday Morning, Sept. 10, 1888.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer G. S. WRIGHT from Portland—Mrs Doyle, Mr. Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. C. H. Kola, Mr. and Mrs. Trip, Mr. and Mrs. Gillett, Mrs. H. Allen, John P. Saunders, C. A. Shepard.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer G. S. WRIGHT from Portland—John Dickson, H. H. P. O. Yalo, J. C. Yalo, S. & M. D. C. M. S. M. F. & D. P. H.

IMPORTS.

Per steamer G. S. WRIGHT from Portland—81 bxs fruit, 1500 lbs flour, 1 guano hams, 180 do middlings, 1 bala midso.

CARIBOO ITEMS FROM THE 'SENTINEL.'

Excitement has been caused at Mosquito Creek, Mr. J. T. Scott and others having taken up a piece of ground lying as alleged, between the proper boundaries of the Minnehaba, on Mosquito Gulch, and the Minnehaba and Tom and Jerry on Red Gulch. The Minnehaba co brought an action of ejectment against Mr. Scott and his party, laying damages at \$250. The suit was heard before the Commissioner on the 31st ult, but Commissioner Brew reserved his decision till the 3rd inst, when a number of witnesses were examined. Sam Passmore, formerly one of the Sappers, met with a serious accident in the Big Lead claim Mosquito Creek, on the 30th ult, by falling a distance of forty feet into a shaft, cutting his head badly and breaking one of his ankles. A horse belonging to Mr. Jennings fell over a precipice into the Quesset River, and was lost with the cargo. At a meeting of the Caledonia Benevolent Society, held on Saturday the 22nd ult, officers were elected to office for the ensuing year. "The glass-eyed gentleman who undertook to play smart by taking a trip to Peters creek, and forgot to stop when he got to the end of his journey, was on Monday overtaken in Cache creek, and reminded that he had gone too far, and that he would be obliged to hurry back to Barkerville, as the man from whom he had borrowed the horse was getting uneasy about him, and that others were anxious to relieve him of the responsibility of holding money not his own. Mr. Sullivan has very kindly offered to conduct him back in safety, lest he might again go astray." The Hard-up Company on Grouse creek, have struck at last what they suppose to be the channel, through which runs the Heron lead, so long looked for.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.—By the bark Camden we have dates via the Sound to the 25th July: The estimated value of this year's crop of sugar is set down at twenty millions of dollars—an increase of over two millions of dollars on the crop of last year. A fire was discovered in the hold of the mail steamer Montana on the morning of the 22nd caused by the spontaneous combustion of some bales of pulu which had been lying on the wharf for several days and had become wet from some cause. It was supposed that the action of the sun had generated heat which resulted in the subsequent combustion of the pulu. The fire was extinguished without damage. His Majesty the King visited the United States war steamer Mohongo on Thursday forenoon, and was received with Royal honors. His Ex. the American Minister was on board during the occasion, and the King was accompanied by his aid-de-camp in uniform. On leaving the vessel he received the same honors as on his arrival. They are having an abundance of rain in Kona Hawaii. For eight months a drought had prevailed, and in consequence there is a scarcity of the native staff of life, poi, of which large quantities are now sent up by every vessel leaving for that district. Owing to this drought, the orange crop will be almost nothing this year.

YALE NEWS FROM THE 'EXAMINER.'—The Yale road tolls for the past month amounted to \$5,368 22. For the same month, last year, they were \$4,500 51. For the same month of 1886, they were \$5,535 26. The tolls received this year up to August 31st, amounted to \$26,875 52. For the same period last year, \$20,719 06. For the same period in 1886, \$31,774.... The total sum of subscriptions to the Agricultural Exhibition amount to nearly \$700, and prizes open to all exhibitors, have been fixed as high as the amount of money will admit of. Two hundred dollars have been collected in Cariboo towards the object.... Mr. R. Smith will represent Lytton at the Yale Convention, Mr. R. Tyson—Lillooet, Mr. J. Donnelly—Harrison river. Three delegates have been appointed from Cariboo.... The Deputy Sheriff failed to catch up with Jim Sellers who, it appears, has suddenly disappeared from his creditors.... The water in the Fraser will now admit of a favorable chance to examine the 'sisters' rocks.... Admiral Hastings and party had arrived at Yale on the way to the interior.

THE INDIANS.—Owing to the stringent measures adopted to secure the public health, the Indians residing in the town and neighborhood left yesterday for other parts, in large numbers. Out of the 4 cases of small-pox on the Reserve, 2 died yesterday, and two are considered in a way to recover. Eleven shanties have been burned, and by to night, it is expected, there will scarcely be a Hydah left amongst us. His Lordship the Bishop and Mrs. Hills visited the sick at the Reserve yesterday, and saw that everything was done for the poor creatures that could be done. The remainder of the Hydah village will be destroyed. The infectious disease existing amongst them was at first brought by an Indian from Port Gamble, and had spread rapidly before their authorities were aware of its existence.

FIRE INQUEST.—An inquiry was made yesterday before Mr. Pemberton into the cause of the fire on the night of the 2nd inst, which destroyed the premises of John Finnan, near the north end of Douglas street. Eight witnesses including six females it appears, were examined and a verdict of incendiary was found by the jury. The house was unoccupied at the time of the fire and according to evidence at the inquest, was insured for \$800 in the Royal.

Bankruptcy Court.

[Before His Lordship Chief Justice Neotham.]

Wednesday, Sept 9th, 1888.

James Wilcox, a Bankrupt, passed 3rd examination, application to be made in 30 days for discharge.

In re Balla—Adjourned for a fortnight, for the purpose of completing purchase of certain property belonging to the Bankrupt.

PROBATE COURT.

Shirpeer vs Hutchinson—Application for security for costs. Mr. Drake attorney for defendant, Mr. Bishop for plaintiff. Order granted.

Mitchell, deceased—Application to appoint Mr. Wood as plaintiff instead of Mitchell deceased in an action Mitchell vs Robb and others. Application granted.

FIREMEN'S PARADE.—The Union Hook & Ladder Company had their last full dress torchlight parade and drill last night. The Company met at their Truck House, on Bastion street, at 8 o'clock, and marched to the old Star Hotel on Fort street, headed by the Volunteer band. At this point they went through drill, scaling the building, etc, and finished by parading the principal streets. At a later hour the company sat down to a repast in their own building, to which a number of friends were invited, and passed the evening with that good spirit found amongst firemen. The company turned out in full force and made an excellent appearance.

COAL PROSPECTING.—A company consisting of Messrs Gibbs, Jungermann, Gowan, Laumeister and Hand, have had men at work for this last month in North Saanich, on two seams of coal which crop out on Smith's ranch. One seam is two and a half feet thick, the other three feet, and the workmen are following down, on an incline, with a view of finding the junction of the two seams. The shaft is down 50 feet, and has cost so far in the neighborhood of \$500. It is to be hoped this enterprising company, for the good example they thus set, may meet with general success. A coal mine at Saanich would be a fine property.

THE CHANGES OF TIME.—The first newspaper ever published in America, was printed by Richard Pierce, of Boston, on 25th Sept, 1690, one hundred and seventy-eight years ago. The General Court took the sheet into custody, held solemn debate over the disturber of the public quiet, and voted it contained reflections of a very high nature, the publication of which were contrary to law. It never made a second appearance. What would the members of the General Court say if they could take a peep at some of the Boston papers of 1888?

THE SYNAGOGUE.—It is gratifying to learn that the last instalment of the indebtedness upon this building was paid off this week. The mortgage, with interest, amounted to more than \$3,000, and the debt was incurred a times of our prosperity. It speaks well for the fidelity of the few left amongst us, who worship in the Synagogue, that the larger amount of the indebtedness upon it, should have been discharged during the most trying period of our depression.

NEW PILOT BOAT.—A beautifully modelled boat lies at the Hudson Bay Co's wharf, which was built by Mr. Barr at San Juan, for the Victoria Pilots. She is called after the Colonial Secretary, W. A. G. Young, Esq, and will be ready for service in the course of a week. A wage of \$100 to \$50 is said to be pending, that on the day of trial she will beat anything that can be brought against her.

CUSTOM-HOUSE LAWS IN ALASKA.—A bill has been carried through both branches of Congress and signed by the President which extends the Custom-house laws and regulations against smuggling, to Alaska. It provides for only one officer, namely, a Collector at Sitka. There was some talk about establishing a Territorial Government up there, but no action took place, and the country remains in charge of the military.

THE STEAMER G. S. WRIGHT arrived from Portland yesterday about midday. She brought thirteen passengers and nearly 70 tons of freight for this port. In addition to this, she has on board 65 tons of freight for the Sound, for which place she leaves this morning, and will return with all possible dispatch to Victoria. She reports the Active may be expected here about 4 o'clock to-day.

PRESERVED FISH.—Mr. P. Manson has returned to his old business of drying and curing salmon, herring and bloaters, for shipment and family use. The establishment is situated on Humbolt street, near Douglas street, and when in working order, judging from the stock on hand, it will turn out as good an article of preserved fish as can be had on the coast.

AN ENCOUNTER.—Two gentlemen known in our commercial circles, got into a dispute yesterday on Yates street, about some land; and from words, not of the most polite nature, proceeded to blows. The one of (a)rabian frame delivered the most striking arguments in the dispute. The matter, it is said, will not end at present, but is likely to take another shape.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.—The steamer Enterprise arrived yesterday from New Westminster with fifteen passengers, the mail and Cariboo Express. "No news in the local papers." A meeting is called for this evening to elect delegates to the Convention. A Chinaman was killed by a falling tree on Monday last.

"THE DISH RAN OFF WITH THE SPOON."—Yesterday, Mr. Phillips' soda-water wagon ran off, with the horse, from Yates street through Broad and home to Fort street. The young gentleman what does the driving showed his agility and nimbly got clear of the trouble. No spilled milk.

MA. B. HOLLADAY.—This gentleman arrived at Portland by the steamer Oriflamme, on the 4th inst. He noticed some Victorians on their way home.

POLICE COURT.—Ski-lash, the Indian arrested under the charge of being one of the party, shooting on Sunday night on the Indian Reserve, was yesterday bound over to keep the peace for six months in the sum of \$100, or in default of payment to be imprisoned for four months.

U. S. S. SAGINAW.—This vessel left last evening for San Francisco. During their somewhat protracted stay in Victoria, the officers generally, have ingratiated themselves with many of our citizens.

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES.

Europe.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—The Times devotes its leading columns to a long analysis of a treaty recently concluded by the United States with China. It says: England is more interested in China than any other power. Her commerce with that country has existed longer, and since the treaty with Peking, her relations with its Government have been more friendly. She assisted the Imperial authorities in putting down the Teling rebellion. England is the proper power for China to employ as the proper medium for revising her treaties with other nations. But this treaty with the United States, aiming to restore the old exclusive policy has been entrusted to the manipulations of a foreign Counsellor who advises what is impossible; the restoration of the retrograde system. The writer then proceeds to dissect one by one the articles of the new treaty, calling attention to the fact that China obtains no concession from the United States, while on the other hand the United States gains a monopoly of railways and telegraph improvements. This itself is sufficient objection to the treaty. Yet the question may be asked, is it wise for England to multiply her differences with America, on such grounds as these? The article concludes as follows: We are bound to say with conviction there is more underneath these negotiations than appears on the surface, that they bear distinct traces of foreign inspiration. It is our belief that the mission did not originate with the Chinese Government. The idea of enlisting Burlingame as a recruit for furthering China ends, so far from being spontaneous, emanated from foreign brain, and was suggested by the departure from China of the American Mission, which was drawing near at the time when the plan was formed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The accounts from Greece say that the Cretan insurrection is flourishing, and the Turks are nearly worn out and discouraged, and it will be with great difficulty that they can continue the contest. The Christians are flushed with success, and excited by recent massacres. Through the intervention of Ignatiff, Russian Ambassador, the Porte has been obliged to dismiss the Pacha, commanding in Candia.

BERLIN, Sept. 2.—By order of the War Office recruiting for the army, Prussia, has been postponed three months.

FLORENCE, Sept. 2.—The Italian Government is increasing the number of military posts on the frontier.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 2.—Bishop Plattsosk has refused to obey an order to send a delegate to the Catholic Synod about to convene under the direction of the Emperor; he has been banished to Siberia.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—An unsuccessful attempt was made yesterday to launch the steamer Bermuda, with the exception of the Great Eastern she will be largest steamer in the world.

Eastern States.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The New York Times' special says, the Republican majority in Vermont will reach thirty thousand. The Republican gain over last year is ten thousand.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—It is reported that a large body of Cheyenne Indians are moving with the intention to strike the Pacific Railroad near Julesburg. Gen. Angler with troops, will endeavor to intercept them. The Commissioners have accepted another section of the Pacific Railroad.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—The Tanner Clubs in this city are having an immense torch-light demonstration to-night. Seven thousand torches will be in the procession affording a brilliant spectacle.

South America.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Porto Cabello surrendered August 15th to General Monag. Gen. Brizal, commander of the besieged forces was wounded but escaped to Curacao where he died.

Falcon ex-President of Venezuela, now contemplates going to Europe.

Troops have been sent to Maracaibo, where several provinces have declared in favor of General Montarez. Speedy peace is now possible.

Canada.

MONTREAL, Sept. 2.—The Fenian picnic about which so much trouble was anticipated did not come off, the gardens being closed and guarded by a strong force of police.

HALIFAX, Sept. 3.—Ex-Governor Thos. H. Seymour died at his residence in this city this evening of typhoid fever, aged 61 years.

NEW YORK, September 4.—Attorney General Wilkies made an eloquent speech against Confederation with Canada in the Nova Scotia Assembly yesterday. He declared if redress was not given before next session they will appoint a collector at their town and have duties paid to the local treasury. If necessary they will appeal to another nation. Such an uproar ensued at the conclusion of the speech that the speaker declared the Assembly adjourned.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Sept. 2.—The election resulted in the success of the Republican State ticket by a large and increased majority over last year; the election of three Congressmen by heavy majorities; the choice of the State Senate unanimously Republican and House nearly so.

Returns from one-third of the State indicate a Republican majority of 27,000 for Governor. Good judges place it as high as 30,000. The vote is the heaviest polled since 1860.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The Times says the election in Vermont demonstrates the popularity of Grant and shows the power of the Republican principles.

The Herald says the Republican triumph in Vermont is owing partly to the unwise course of the Southern fire-eating orators, proclaiming their devotion to the rebel flag. The Vermonters went to the ballot box as if expecting to fight the old battle over again.

The World says the Republican triumph in Vermont is like the Dutch taking Holland. The Democrats allowed the election to go by default, as not being considered indicative of the sentiment of the country.

The Tribune says the victory in Vermont surpasses its highest hopes. The Democrats made a desperate struggle. It was the issue of Sumner over again, and the result as decisive a victory.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Gen. Rosencrans, in conversation at the Astor House yesterday, said he did not believe that the Southern leaders would issue an address, as has been reported.

In regard to the Mexican mission, he says his policy will be one of kindness. Filling-bustering or annexation will not be favored.

SARATOGA, Sept. 1.—The Exchange Hotel, with three bars and dwellings, were burned last evening; loss \$40,000.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—For some time past an investigation has been making in regard to frauds in the Buffalo Post-office. It is said these frauds have been going on since 1860. The amount thus stolen is believed to reach half a million dollars. Three clerks—one in the Treasury Department; one in the Second Auditor's office and one in the Government printing office were arrested yesterday.

Other Washington specials say warrants have been issued in New York for the arrest of Commissioner Rollins, Department Collector Harlan, Thos. E. Smith, late Inspector Hagarty and distillers, on charges of defrauding the Revenue Department. They will be examined before Commissioner Gaitman, at the Astor House.

South America.

Dispatches received from Rio Janeiro, to August 31, state that the U. S. steamer Wasp had proceeded up the river to Ascon to take on board Minister Washburn and suit.

Europe.

The Ariel, the first ship of the fleet from China, had just arrived in the Thames. She sailed from Foo Chow, May 28th, in company with the tea ship Teaprin and Sir Launcelet.

The English cricketers sail from Liverpool to-morrow in the steamship City of Baltimore.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—The Union Republican Mass Meeting at Pratt's Hall last night was attended by over 3000 and crowded to its utmost capacity. A large number of ladies were present in the galleries. Hon. Henry Edgerton spoke for two hours and a quarter. His speech was pronounced to be the most comprehensive and logical review of the political situation, as well as the most eloquent oration delivered during the campaign. Mr. Edgerton will soon leave for the country on a political tour.

Last night about half of the section of the sea wall foundation, between Pacific and Jackson streets, sank down to the depth of from eight to ten feet, owing to the driving of great quantities of sand from the front of the embankment, which allowed the latter to slide out into deep water. No serious consequences are anticipated.

Col Geo T. Knox was serenaded by the band of the second battalion Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Mary Hudenger, who killed her infant son and then attempted to kill herself, died this morning.

To-day the body of Jas Conroy was found floating in the bay. The deceased was one of the crew of the United States ship Independence.

The sentence of Herber Outerbridge, for murder, has been commuted by the President to imprisonment for six years.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—Captain Callister, of the English ship Cormorant, has been arrested on the charge of smuggling shot-guns. There is a prospect of the ship being seized. Emily Barnham, a New York shop-lifter, was arrested yesterday while in the exercise of her profession.

It is rumored on the street that Tilden & Broad, a prominent firm of stock brokers, have failed.

The steamer Ajax, which left Mazatlan August 26th, arrived here last night. Mexican advices important. Another revolution had broken out in the State of Tamaulipas. Generals and Colonels Canales, Gomez, Vegas and Caronaca have pronounced against Governor Garza. In several States, provisions have been exceedingly short and a famine is threatening.

The Star of Hope has just cleared for New York with 2,000 tons of wheat, the first exclusive cargo of this season. The Emily Forneim, in Pierce's Line, for Liverpool, will sail loading this week and will be followed by the George Gilroy.

Oregon.

PORTLAND, Sept. 4.—The paper mill of H. L. Pitcock & Co., at Oregon City, commenced operations yesterday. It will prove a success.

The steamer Okanagan ran on a snag at the mouth of the Cowlitz river yesterday and sunk. Efforts will be immediately made to raise her.

S. N. Arrington, the well-known hotel pro-

prietor of this place, after a twelve years' residence here, has sold out and goes to California for his health.

Seven men who waylaid and robbed the stage on the Blue Mountains recently, have been apprehended and brought to this place. Four accomplices have arrived at Dallas to day, and will be brought down to-morrow.

Apple Culture.

EDITOR COLONIST:—Not having observed in your paper any replies to the various questions relating to gardening and farming, contained in your issue of a former date, I beg to offer on some of the questions a few remarks of my own, in hope they may supply at least a part of the information sought by your querist. In common with various parts of the world, the soil and climate of this Colony cannot fail to have some special influence for good or harm on the various choice productions of older countries; therefore, if intelligent men who are engaged in the pursuits of gardening and farming would take note of these changes and record them for the benefit of mankind, much valuable data would accumulate for our future guidance. In older communities, practical men take great pleasure recording their various ideas and experience on all matters connected with gardening and farming, and surely we, of British Columbia, are not so far in advance of them that we can afford to allow the knowledge and experience of intelligent men to perish with them. I trust, therefore, if any of your readers have arrived at results at variance with the remarks that I am about to offer, that you will allow them space to record them. As a little ambiguity seems to pervade some of the questions, I will endeavor to make my remarks as comprehensive as I can:

Yours, &c.,

H. MITCHELL.

THE APPLE—SORTS & TREATMENT.

Considering the various uses of the apple, it may be considered as a fruit of more use and benefit to the public in general than all the other fruits that can be cultivated in this country; but owing to the uncertainty and multiplicity of names under which certain varieties are known, the orchardist experiences the greatest difficulty in making his selection. Nurserymen have much to answer for in creating much of this confusion, many of them being more anxious to grow a large stock for sale, than to be careful as to its character, and people purchasing trees become deceived by this procedure, and do not discover the error until much valuable time has been lost in their culture, causing disappointment and loss. Judging by the past, so far as my observations have extended the grower of the apple, if he wishes to attain success in its culture in this Colony will have to exercise a larger amount of discrimination in the selection of his orchard site, than seems in many cases heretofore to have been brought to bear on the subject. It is true that the apple will grow on a variety of soils, but its favorite soil in all countries is a strong calcareous, clayey, marley or sandy loam, resting on a gravelly subsoil. If too wet, the soil may be rendered fit by thorough draining, and if too dry, by deep subsoiling or trenching. In all cases the soil should be well prepared before planting by deep digging or subsoil ploughing, and where necessary, by the addition of rotten manure, as no after management can in a dry climate like ours, equal the effects of this early and deep loosening of the soil. The season best adapted for planting the apple tree in this climate is decidedly early autumn, just as the leaves begin to drop, and which usually happens about the end of October or beginning of November. At this season of the year, the soil being a natural hot-bed, stimulates the tree to push out innumerable roots, thoroughly establishing it before the arrival of winter puts an end to vegetative action; and when spring arrives it shoots forth in all its pristine vigour. In planting, avoid the error of burying the roots too deep, no tree should be planted deeper than it former grew in the nursery lines; after the operation of planting well, mulch the ground considerably beyond that to which the roots extend, with straw or dung or litter, and when spring arrives add thereto a quantity sufficient to prevent the soil from drying up in the summer months. The distance at which the permanent trees should be planted in the orchard should be thirty feet, trees to occupy the ground temporarily, may be planted between the permanent ones, to be cut away as the principal trees require room. The land between the trees should be well cultivated for the first three or four years, with light crops, not on that exhaustive system which we every day see practised in this Colony, but by adding to the soil in the shape of manure as much as is extracted from it by the crop, and no crop should approach the trees closer than the diameter of its head, and the area thus left should have an annual mulching of dung or litter. At the end of four years the trees should be left in sole possession of the land, which may be sown down to permanent pasture grasses, Dutch and Alsike clover, and grazed by sheep, under no circumstances should timothy be sown, now that penny wise and pound foolish system of taking crops of hay off the land be adopted; by a liberal system of culture, the orchardist will be rewarded by crops of fruit of the best quality that can be grown on this coast.

The following is a list of sorts of the best and hardiest kinds:—Early Harvest, Early Strawberry, Red Astrachan, American Summer Pearmain, Maidens Blue, Baldwin, Yellow Belle-Har, Gravenstein, Fall Pippin, Hawthornden, Coe's Golden Drop, Rhode Island Greening, Swaar, Newtown Pippin, Melon Apple, Rannette du Canada, Ribstone Pippin, Dutchess of Oldenburgh, Pine Apple Russet, Keswick Codlin, Calville Blancha, Datch Mignonne, King of the Pippins, Roxbury Russet, Sturmer Pippin, Tower of Grammis, Norfolk Beufin.

P. S. The remarks that have been used with reference to the apple, apply with equal force to the pear.

VICTORIA NURSERY, Fort street.

Victoria, Aug. 26th, 1888.

ARE YOU BILIOUS?—Multitudes of both sexes will answer this question in the affirmative; for, next to disorders of the stomach, liver-complaints are perhaps the most prevalent of all internal diseases. Its usual symptoms are a yellowish tinge in the whites of the eyes, especially near the inner corners, an uneasy or slightly painful sensation in the right side, pain between the shoulder blades, sick-headache; lassitude, mental dullness, lack of appetite, and irregularity of the bowels. Whoever recognises this diagnosis as applying to his own condition, may be quite certain that bile exists in his blood and less passes through his bowels than is expedient for his health, and that his liver requires toning and regulating. One of the special uses of

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS is to meet just such exigencies as this. Its tonic principle rouses the liver from its torpor, and its aperient element gently relieves the intestinal canal of the secretions consequent upon an insufficient supply of nature's cathartic, the bile.

Persons of bilious habit will find it the best safeguard against the attacks to which they are constitutionally predisposed, and should carefully avoid all the ordinary alcoholic stimulants.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Sores, wounds, ulcers and other diseases affecting the skin, are amenable by this cooling and healing ointment. It has called forth the loudest praise from persons who had suffered for years from bad legs, abscesses, and chronic ulcers, after every hope of cure had long passed away. None but those who have experienced the soothing effect of this Ointment can form an idea of the comfort it bestows, by restraining inflammation and allaying pain. Whenever this Ointment has been once used it has established its own worth, and has again been eagerly sought for, as the easiest and safest remedy for all ulcerous complaints. In neuralgia, rheumatism, and gout, the same application, properly used, gives wonderful relief.

Those who suffer from nervous irritations, itching uneasiness, and the discomfort that follows from an enfeebled and disordered state of the system, should take AVER'S SERRAVALLE, and cleanse the blood. Purge out the lurking distemper that undermines the health, and the constitutional vigor will return. *

FRED PAYNE has removed his Cheap Shaving Shop to the opposite side of Johnson street, just above the Miner's Saloon. *

Auction Sales.

J. P. Davies & Co

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Salerooms Fireproof Store Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

Cash advances made on C^t consignments.

NOTICE

The Cattle Sale Yard will be opened as a Public Market every SATURDAY, from 7 to 12, noon, for the Sale of such Cattle and Produce as may be offered.

Scale of Charges can be known on application to

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

apl0 Auctioneers:

TUESDAY.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

Will sell, by Public Auction

Tuesday, Sept. 15th.

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

One 20-horse Power Engine and Boiler, with all the Machinery of the Grist Mill and Distillery, formerly occupied by Messrs. Gowan & Loewen.

ALSO

Houses, Sheds and Wharf, and one Large Scow, Anchor and Chains. au27

Pick me Jp.

The most Wonderful Morning Restorative in the World. Most Gentlemen from Scotland can testify to the Astonishing and Harmless Effects of this Drink. Made from the Celebrated Recipe of Mr. Raimor, of Edinburgh. To be had ONLY at the

BLUE POST,

Cor. of Johnson & Douglas sts.

Steamboat Exchange Hotel

AND

CONCERT ROOMS,

ESQUIMALT, B. C.

Wines, Liquors & Cigars

At the Choicest Brands are dispensed at the Bar by

